LES: Heroes of all kinds!

By Valerie Duchemin, Alexis Fortier and Nabil Ramla

Description: The students are introduced to the meaning of being a hero in various fields. They will be asked to improve their English skills through different exercises, (oral comprehension, written comprehension, oral interaction, production of texts and focus on form) in link with the MELS program and competencies.

Cycle: 1

Duration: 4 hours

1) Broad areas of learning				
4	health and well-being		٨	environmental awareness and consumer rights and responsibilities	Х
٨	personal and career planning	X	٨	citizenship and community life	Х
٨	media literacy				

2	Cross-curricular competencies										
	INTELLECTUAL		METHODOLOGICAL	DGICAL PERSONAL AND SOCIAL					COMMUNICATION RELATED		
>	To use information	Х	To adopt effective work methods		>	To construct his/her identity	X	4	To communicate appropriately	X	
	To solve problems	X	 To use information and communication technologies 	Х	>	To cooperate with others	Х				
	To exercise critical judgment										
>	To use creativity	Х									

3	3 ESL Competencies					
	TO INTERACT ORALLY IN ENGLISH		TO REINVEST UNDERSTANDING OF ORAL AND WRITTEN TEXTS		TO WRITE TEXTS	
~	The student reacts to messages x using strategies		The student prepares to listen to X and read texts using strategies	>	The student prepares to write texts using strategies	Х
>	The student takes the initiative to transmit oral messages using x strategies		The student demonstrates understanding of oral and written texts using strategies	>	The student composes texts using strategies	Х
~	The student maintains oral interaction using strategies		The student carries out meaningful tasks using strategies	>	The student revises his/her texts	X

TARGETED RELATED CONTENT (ESL Core Program, Secondary grades (pages 39-54)					
	, Decondary grades (pages 55-5+)				
	Deisinders, Connectors				
FUNCTIONAL	Rejoinders, Connectors				
LANGUAGE	Agreement, disagreement, opinions Feelings, interests, tastes, preferences				
VOCABULARY	Vocabulary related to the students' interests and needs				
	Vocabulary related to the broad areas of learning				
	Vocabulary related to the communication and learning strategies				
C == + == 0 = 0	Activete price les outedas. Company Desdict Coore Tales actos. Coore arete with others				
STRATEGIES	Activate prior knowledge, Compare, Predict, Scan, Take notes, Cooperate with others, Take risks				
LANGUAGE	FOCUS ON FORM (GRAMMAR)				
CONVENTIONS					
	• GRAMMAR				
	Present tense				
	PHONOLOGY				
	3 rd person of singular in simple present.				
TEXT TYPES	Information based				

4 ESL competencies	Evaluation Criteria	Evaluation tools
C1	Participation in oral interaction, Pertinence of the message, Use of communication and learning strategies, Use of resources.	Begins interaction, Actively participates, listens attentively, grasps the meaning of the message
C2	Evidence of comprehension of text, use knowledge from text, Use of communication and learning strategies, Use of resources.	Uses prior knowledge of topic, text, language. Reacts to the text, Cooperates, Tolerates ambiguity, uses communication/learning strategies.
C3	Pertinence of the text, Formulation of the text, Use of communication and learning strategies, Use of resources.	Uses communication, learning strategies and resources. Prepares to produce.

5	
Materials needed	Question and Text Handouts, computer, pictures, videos.

CARRYING OUT THE LES

TASK 1: In the skin of a superhero

PURPOSE: The oral interaction activity will be a simulation of a speed-dating situation in the skin of a superhero. The students are asked to use the vocabulary provided to conduct a discussion.

Role of the teacher	Role of the students
Pre- Activity (5 minutes)	
Ask the students what they already know about superheroes.Ask the students which ones they prefer.	 The students answer orally
Step 1- Present the main activity (5 minutes)	The students listen to the instructions
Step 2- Hand out the descriptive sheets and have the students fill them out. (10-15 minutes)	 The students answer the questions on the handout sheet individually
Step 3- Depending on the classroom set up have the students sit facing each other.	
 Step 4- Time four minutes per group and have them switch. (between 30 to 40 minutes) Step 5- Get back to the default set up and reflect 	• The students describe what superheroes they are and use the questions on the handout to ask for the details about their peers.
on what took place and focus on their peers' performance. (10 minutes)	 The students describe which superheroes they enjoyed to talk to the most with the rest of the class.
Step 6- If there is still time remaining, ask them to give you feedback about the general appreciation of the activity. (5-10 minutes)	• Students talk about if they liked the activity and which match would fit the best for their respective characters.



If I was a Superhero

If you could be a Superhero for one day, what would you be? Answer the following questions individually.

- What is your Superhero name?
- What is your main power?
- What is your main objective?
- Describe your costume.

- Do you have a partner?
- If yes, describe him/her
- How do you travel?
- What is your main flaw?

Some helpful words to use in this handout...

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Objective} \rightarrow \text{motivation} \\ \textbf{Fault} \rightarrow \text{opposite of Quality} \\ \textbf{Speed} \rightarrow \text{fast} \\ \textbf{Invisible} \rightarrow \text{nobody can see you} \\ \textbf{Logo} \rightarrow \text{symbol} \end{array}$

Functional language for the Role Play : My Superhero name is... I would like to be a Superhero because... My costume is made up of... I travel by ... Clothing and accessories ...

Gloves / Boots / Belt / Mask / Make-up Cloak \rightarrow a cape, Superman has a red one! Leggings \rightarrow stretch / tight pants Colour / Height /

What are your super powers? I am sure that you are not perfect. What is your fault? Do you have a partner to help you? Describe a recent adventure.

TASK 2: Firefighters, Heroes of everyday.

PURPOSE: The students react on a text about firefighters as heroes of all kinds. The students

demonstrate their understanding by answering a few questions and interact orally about the topic.

Role of the teacher	Role of the students
 Pre-Activity (10 minutes) Present a video of a heroic act. boston.cbslocal.com/2011//waltham-boy-saves-friends-life/ (5 min) Ask the students what they think about this video. E.g What do you think about this video ? Ask questions about daily-life superheroes. E.g Which ones do you know? In your neighborhood? In your family? A friend? Step 1 - Introduce the text to the students and ask them to read the text individually. (10 minutes) 	 The students watch the video and answer to the question. The students answer to the questions orally and share their answers to the rest of the class. The students read the text.
 Step 3 - Form groups of four Step 4 - Ask the students to answer the questions in groups. (20 minutes) Step 5 - The teacher checks the answers with the class one by one. Step 6- Ask the students to stay with their group. Tell them to reflect on the text and the video orally. What do the little boy in the previous video and the firefighters have in common? (10 minutes) 	 The students answer to the questions in teams and help each other. Students give their answers to the teacher orally. The students talk together about the text, compare, share their answers and write them on the answer sheet.

Firefighters: heroes of everyday

Every year, fires and other emergencies take thousands of lives and destroy property worth billions of dollars. *Fire fighters* help protect the public against these dangers by responding to fires and a variety of other emergencies. Although they put out fires, fire fighters more frequently respond to other emergencies. They are often the first emergency personnel at the scene of a traffic accident or medical emergency and may be called upon to treat injuries.

Fire fighters must be prepared to respond immediately to a fire or other emergency. Fighting fires is complex and dangerous and requires organization and teamwork. Some carry hoses, climb ladders, and enter burning buildings to put out fires. At times, they may need to use tools to make their way through doors, walls, and debris. Some find and rescue occupants who are unable to leave the building safely without assistance. They also provide emergency medical attention. Sometimes they remain at the site of a disaster for days at a time, rescuing trapped survivors, and assisting with medical treatment.

Fire fighters work in a variety of settings, including metropolitan areas, rural areas, airports, chemical plants and other industrial sites. They also have assumed responsibilities, including providing emergency medical services. In fact, most calls to which fire fighters respond involve medical emergencies.

When they aren't responding to fires and other emergencies, fire fighters clean and maintain equipment, learn additional skills related to their jobs, conduct practice drills, and participate in physical fitness activities. They also prepare written reports on fire incidents and review fire science literature to stay informed about technological developments.



Firefighters, Heroes of everyday

1- What is the main role of a fire fighter?

2- Name three main duties of a firefighter.

3-Where do firefighters usually work?

4-What are some of the secondary duties of firefighters?

5- What do they need to fight fires? Why?

Answer Key:

Question 1: *Fire fighters* help protect the public against these dangers by responding to fires and a variety of other emergencies.

Question 2: respond to other emergencies, put out fires, find and rescue occupants, carry hoses, climb ladders, provide emergency medical attention, remain at the site of a disaster, rescuing trapped survivors, assisting with medical treatment.

Question 3: metropolitan areas, rural areas, airports, chemical plants and other industrial sites.

Question 4: clean and maintain equipment, learn additional skills related to their jobs, conduct practice drills, and participate in physical fitness activities. They also prepare written reports on fire incidents and review fire science literature to stay informed about technological developments.

Question 5: Fighting fires is complex and dangerous and requires organization and teamwork.

TASK 3: Shoes of Tomorrow

PURPOSE: Raise the students' awareness about worldwide social issues and make them demonstrate their understanding of an oral message by reflecting orally and writing about the subject.

Role of the teacher	Dele of the students
	Role of the students
Pre-Activity (5-10 minutes)	
 Show three different pictures related to TOMS shoes (flag, shoe, kids). Ask questions about the pictures they see. 	 The students look at the pictures and describe what they see and try to guess what the topic will be about.
 Make them guess about the topic. 	
Main Activity (30 minutes) 1- Show the video once about TOMS shoes on youtube: <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PTQsQUu1</u> <u>Ho8&feature=related</u> .	 The students listen to the video and can take notes while listening.
2- Distribute the handouts	
 3- Form teams of four. 4- Show the video a second time about TOMS shoes on youtube: <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PTQsQUu1</u> <u>Ho8&feature=related</u>. 	 The students try to answer the questions in teams
5- Ask the students to answer the questions together	
Reinvestment task (10 minutes) 1-Ask the students to stay with their peers.	
2-Give them five minutes to reflect on the following question: If you had the chance to help people in need, what movement would you create?	 The students talk to each other and share ideas and thoughts about the topic using functional language.
3-Ask each team to share their ideas with the class.	 The students share their ideas with the rest of the class









TOMS Shoes or the Shoes of Tomorrow

1- In which country did Blake get the idea of TOM's shoes?

2- What was Blake's concept for TOMS?



3- Why did Blake Mycoskie's idea seem crazy?

4- By October 2006, how many pairs of shoes were sold?

5- Why is it important to hand out the shoes directly to the students?



Answer key TOMS shoes

1 - Argentina

2 - For every pair of shoes he sells he gives a pair away

3 - No one is going to buy these shoes because there are a lot of companies like Nike and Reebok, so why would people want to buy these shoes.

4 - 10 000 pair of shoes

5 - It is important to hand the shoes directly to the children because it is a huge part of this brand and because of the connection they have with the children.

TASK 4: Daily Routines

Purpose: The students learn the simple present and how to use it.

Role of the teacher	Role of the students
 Pre-Activity (10 minutes) Present the title of the activity to the students (how to express daily routines with simple present) 	 Listen to the teacher's instructions
• Tell the students they are going to work on the text of the reading task and ask them to take their text out from their binder	Students prepare their materials
 Explain that fire fighters have daily routine just as they do and give two examples from the text 	
Main Activity (30 minutes)	
Step 1 - The reading text from the reading task will be used to focus on form.	
Step 2- Ask students to underline all the simple present verbs in the text.	 Students analyze the text and underline all the simple present verbs they can find in it
Step 3- Ask students to share the answers they've found with their peers.	Students share their answers with their peers
Step 4- Decontextualization of the present verb tense. Write on board the different pronouns and conjugate one of the most important verbs of the text.	 Students focus on the concept that is taught
Post-Activity (20 minutes)	
Step 1- Recontextualize by asking students to use the simple present and write their own daily routine (reinvestment)	 Students prepare to write their own daily routine using strategies Students write their text according to what was covered in class
Step 2- Share it with the class.	They share their text with their peers

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